

73798. CHAYOTA EDULIS Jacq. (*Sechium edule* Swartz). Cucurbitaceae.**Chayote.**

From Moca, Dominican Republic. Fruits presented by Dr. R. Ciferri, director, Estación Nacional Agronómica y Colegio de Agricultura. Received May 3, 1927.

A local variety.

73799. LARIX SIBIRICA Ledeb. Pinaceae. Siberian larch.

From Indian Head, Saskatchewan, Canada. Seeds presented by Norman M. Ross, forestry branch, Department of the Interior. Received April 30, 1927.

A tall, very hard, deciduous coniferous tree, up to 40 meters high. It has a straight trunk and short branches. Native to Siberia.

For previous introduction see No. 58392.

73800. STURTIA GOSSYPIOIDES R. Br. Malvaceae.

From Sydney, New South Wales, Australia. Seeds presented by G. P. Darnell-Smith, director, botanic gardens. Received May 9, 1927.

An Australian shrub, several feet in height, with broadly oval leathery leaves about 2 inches long, and large purple flowers with darker centers. It is closely related to cotton (*Gossypium* spp.).

73801 to 73807. FRAGARIA spp. Rosaceae. Strawberry.

From Kingsley, Borden, Hants, England. Plants presented by C. Howard Jones, Kingsley Fruit Farm and Nursery. Received May 6, 1927.

European varieties not carried in the American trade.

73801. *FRAGARIA* sp.

Kentish Favourite.

73802. *FRAGARIA* sp.

King George.

73803. *FRAGARIA* sp.

Madame Kooi.

73804. *FRAGARIA* sp.

Reliance.

73805. *FRAGARIA* sp.

Royal Sovereign.

73806. *FRAGARIA* sp.

Sir Joseph Paxton.

73807. *FRAGARIA* sp.

The Duke.

73808. SOLANUM MACRANTHUM Dunal. Solanaceae.

From Washington, D. C. Seeds obtained from C. B. Doyle, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received February 7, 1927. Numbered April, 1927.

An ornamental Brazilian tree, about 12 feet high, with large prickly veined leaves and axillary racemes of pale-lilac flowers.

For previous introduction see No. 43665.

73809. CAJANUS INDICUS Spreng. Fabaceae. Pigeon pea.

From Viosa, Minas Geraes, Brazil. Seeds presented by P. H. Rolfs, Escola Superior de Agricultura e Veterinaria. Received April 27, 1927.

A local variety which grows to a height of 3 meters.

73810 to 73818. ORYZA SATIVA L. Poaceae. Rice.

From Tashkent, Turkestan. Seeds presented by Hilarija Rajkova, botanic garden, Central Asiatic State University, through C. E. Chambliss, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received May 3, 1927.

Locally grown varieties.

73810. C. I. No. 6256. *Kyrmycy.*

73811. C. I. No. 6257. *Arpa.*

73812. C. I. No. 6258.

73813. C. I. No. 6259. *Dungan.*

73814. C. I. No. 6260. *American.*

73815. C. I. No. 6261.

73816. C. I. No. 6262. *Kora.*

73817. C. I. No. 6263. *Kizyl.*

73818. C. I. No. 6264. *County Ashmot.*

73819 to 73822.

From Soledad, Cienfuegos, Cuba. Seeds presented by Robert M. Grey, superintendent, Harvard Botanic Station. Received April 26, 1927.

73819. *CALYCOPHYLLUM CANDIDISSIMUM* DC. Rubiaceae. **Degame.**

This Central American timber tree, known commercially as the degame, is described by S. J. Record (*Timbers of Tropical America*, p. 547) as being 40 to 65 feet high with a straight trunk free from limbs. The wood has the strength, toughness, and resilience of hickory and is used for making agricultural implements, tool handles, and similar articles.

For previous introduction see No. 66769.

73820. *MONTEZUMA* sp. Bombacaceae.

A small ornamental tree with pale-pink flowers, native to Cuba.

73821. *POSOQUERIA MULTIFLORA* Lem. Rubiaceae.

A small tropical Brazilian tree with terminal clusters of large erect fragrant white flowers.

73822. *TILMIA CARYOTAEPOLIA* O. F. Cook. (*Martinezia caryotaefolia* H. B. K.). **Palm.** Phoenicaceae.

A small graceful palm, becoming 30 feet high, which is native to tropical South America. The erect stem is slightly swollen at the base and is clearly ringed; these rings are armed with stiff black slender spines 2 or 3 inches long. The bright-green terminal pinnate fronds are 4 to 5 feet long, spreading and drooping.

For previous introduction see No. 51739.

73823. BUTIA CAPITATA Beccari (*Cocos capitata* Mart.). Phoenicaceae. Palm.

From St. Leo, Fla. Seeds presented by Father Jerome, St. Leo Academy, through R. A. Young, Bureau of Plant Industry. Received April 29, 1927.

A large coconutlike palm, of ornamental appearance, with a spineless trunk, pinnate leaves, and large bunches of fruit, which is said to be harder than any other species of coconuts.

For previous introduction see No. 45009.

73824. CITRUS sp. Rutaceae.

From Soledad, Cienfuegos, Cuba. Cuttings presented by Robert M. Grey, superintendent, Harvard Botanic Station. Received May 9, 1927.

Orange seedling.